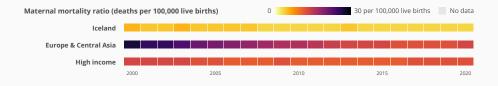
Gender Landscape Brief 🗹

#### 3 women die per 100,000 live births due to pregnancy-related causes in Iceland

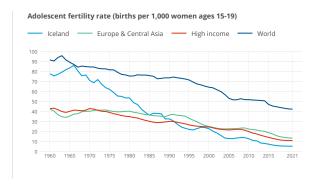
The maternal mortality ratio in Iceland has remained stagnant over the last 20 years roughly around 3. Maternal mortality in Iceland is nearly the same as its regional average. Maternal mortality ratio is the number of women who die from pregnancy-related causes while pregnant or within 42 days of pregnancy termination per 100,000 live births.



Source: WHO, UNICEF, UNFPA, World Bank Group, and UNDESA/Population Division. Trends in Maternal Mortality 2000 to 2020. Geneva, World Health Organization, 2023

### 5 of every 1,000 girls ages 15-19 gave birth in Iceland in 2021

In Iceland, the rate of adolescent fertility has decreased since 2010. The rate in 2021 was lower than the average rate in its income group.

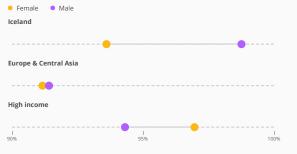


Source: United Nations Population Division, World Population Prospects.

## 93.6% of girls and 98.8% of boys complete lower secondary school in Iceland as of 2021 data

The female rate in Iceland is higher than Europe & Central Asia but lower than the high-income group. Lower secondary education completion rate measures how many children have completed the last grade of lower secondary education regardless of age completed.

Lower secondary completion rate, by sex (% of relevant age group)  $\,$ 

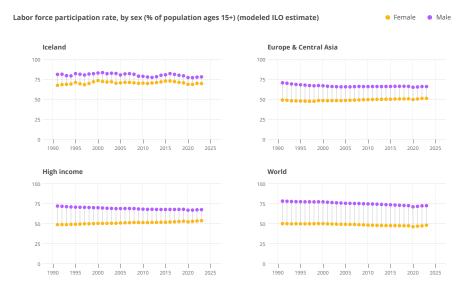


Data is not available for Iceland for Adult literacy rate, by sex (% of people ages 15 and above)



### In Iceland, the labor force participation rate among females is 70.1% and among males is 78.5% for 2023

The labor force participation rate is the proportion of the population ages 15 and older that is economically active. Since 1990, female labor force participation has increased. Compared with labor force participation in the high-income group, the gap between men and women is lower in Iceland.

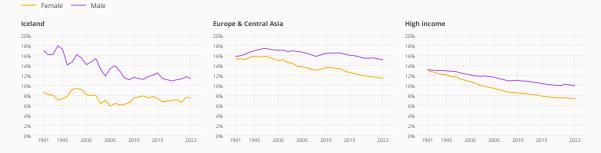


Source: International Labour Organization. "ILO Modelled Estimates and Projections database (ILOEST)" ILOSTAT. Accessed February 06, 2024. https://ilostat.ilo.org/data/.

#### Vulnerable employment among women has remained nearly the same since 1991

Workers in vulnerable employment are the least likely to have formal work arrangements, social protection, and safety nets to guard against economic shocks; thus they are more likely to fall into poverty. Vulnerable employment among women is 7.6% and among men is 11.5% in Iceland for 2022. The rate of vulnerable employment is lower for men and women in Iceland compared to the average rate in Europe & Central Asia.

#### Vulnerable employment, by sex (% of total employment) (modeled ILO estimate)



Source: World Bank, World Development Indicators database. Estimates are based on data obtained from International Labour Organization, ILOSTAT at https://ilostat.ilo.org/data/.

Data is not available for Iceland for Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work, by sex (% of 24 hour day)



Source: National statistical offices or national database and publications compiled by United Nations Statistics Division. The data were downloaded on December 3 from the Global SDG Indicators Database:

Data is not available for Iceland for Share of business owners, by sex (% of total business owners)



Source: World Bank's Entrepreneurship Survey and database (https://www.worldbank.org/en/programs/entrepreneurship). Downloaded on November 29, 2023.

Data is not available for Iceland for Account ownership at a financial institution or with a mobile-moneyservice provider, by sex (% of population ages 15+)



Source: Demirguc-Kunt et al., 2018, Global Financial Inclusion Database, World Bank.

Data is not available for Iceland for House ownership status, by sex (% of population age 15-49)

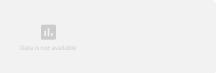
House ownership status, by sex (% of population age 15-49)





Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS)

Data is not available for Iceland for Percentage of women ages 15-49 participating in decisions about:



Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS)

### In Iceland, the share of women who have experienced intimate partner violence is less than the world average, 27%

Intimate partner violence is by far the most prevalent form of violence against women globally and is defined as the percentage of ever-married women (ages 15-49) who have ever experienced physical or sexual violence committed by their husband or partner, whereas those who have ever experienced any form of sexual violence is the percentage of women (ages 15-49) who ever experienced sexual violence irrespective of marital status and perpetrator.

Percentage of women ages 15-49 who have ever experienced:

Data is not available

Intimate partner violence

21%

Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS) Statcompiler (https://www.statcompiler.com/)

# 47.6% of seats in national parliament were held by women in 2022 in Iceland

Women in parliaments are the percentage of parliamentary seats in a single or lower chamber held by women. The proportion of seats held by women in Iceland has increased since 2010. The current rate is higher than the average rate in high-income countries.

#### Seats held by women in national parliaments, female (%)



# Women represented 39.4% of those employed in senior and middle management in 2022

The female share of employment in senior and middle management for Iceland falls in the fourth quintile of all countries for which there are data. Data compiled from the most recent data point available between 2010 and 2023.

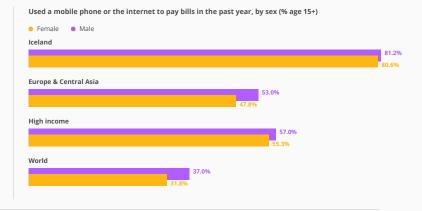
Employment in senior and middle management, female (%)



Source: Inter-Parliamentary Union (IPU) (www.ipu.org). For the year of 1998, the data is as of August 10, 1998.

# In 2021 women and men used a mobile phone or the internet to pay bills at approximately the same

The female rate in Iceland is higher than both Europe & Central Asia and the high-income group. Internet usage denotes the percentage of respondents who report using a mobile phone or the internet to pay bills in the past 12 months.



Source: Global Findex database

Data retrieved from World Bank Gender Data Portal https://genderdata.worldbank.org/countries/iceland/