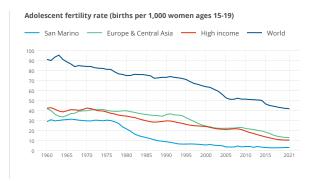
Data is not available for San Marino for Maternal mortality ratio (deaths per 100,000 live births)



Source: WHO, UNICEF, UNFPA, World Bank Group, and UNDESA/Population Division. Trends in Maternal Mortality 2000 to 2020. Geneva, World Health Organization, 2023

4 of every 1,000 girls ages 15-19 gave birth in San Marino in 2021 $\,$

In San Marino, the rate of adolescent fertility has remained roughly the same since 2010. The rate in 2021 was lower than the average rate in its income group.

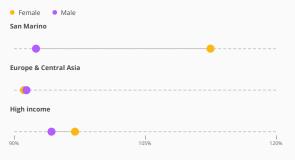


Source: United Nations Population Division, World Population Prospects.

112.5% of girls and 92.5% of boys complete lower secondary school in San Marino as of 2022 data

The gap in lower secondary completion rate between boys and girls, 20, is larger than the gap of the Europe & Central Asia aggregate, 0.2. Lower secondary education completion rate measures how many children have completed the last grade of lower secondary education regardless of age completed.

Lower secondary completion rate, by sex (% of relevant age group)



Data is not available for San Marino for Adult literacy rate, by sex (% of people ages 15 and above)



Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS). UIS.Stat Bulk Data Download Service. Accessed September 19, 2023. https://apiportal.uis.unesco.org/bdds.

Data is not available for San Marino for Labor force participation rate, by sex (% of population ages 15+) (modeled ILO estimate)



Source: International Labour Organization. "ILO Modelled Estimates and Projections database (ILOEST)" ILOSTAT. Accessed February 06, 2024. https://ilostat.ilo.org/data/.

Data is not available for San Marino for Vulnerable employment, by sex (% of total employment) (modeled ILO estimate)



Source: World Bank, World Development Indicators database. Estimates are based on data obtained from International Labour Organization, ILOSTAT at https://ilostat.ilo.org/data/.

Data is not available for San Marino for Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work, by sex (% of 24 hour day)



Source: National statistical offices or national database and publications compiled by United Nations Statistics Division. The data were downloaded on December 3 from the Global SDG Indicators Database:

Data is not available for San Marino for Share of business owners, by sex (% of total business owners)



Data is not available for San Marino for Account ownership at a financial institution or with a mobilemoney-service provider, by sex (% of population ages 15+)



Source: Demirguc-Kunt et al., 2018, Global Financial Inclusion Database, World Bank.

Data is not available for San Marino for House ownership status, by sex (% of population age 15-49)

House ownership status, by sex (% of population age 15-49)





Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS)

Data is not available for San Marino for Percentage of women ages 15-49 participating in decisions about:



Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS)

Data is not available for San Marino for Percentage of women ages 15-49 who have ever experienced:



Source: Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS) Statcompiler (https://www.statcompiler.com/)

33.3% of seats in national parliament were held by women in 2022 in San Marino

Women in parliaments are the percentage of parliamentary seats in a single or lower chamber held by women. The proportion of seats held by women in San Marino has increased since 2010. The current rate is higher than the average rate in high-income countries.

Seats held by women in national parliaments, female (%)



Data is not available for San Marino for Employment in senior and middle management, female (%)



Source: Inter-Parliamentary Union (IPU) (www.ipu.org). For the year of 1998, the data is as of August 10, 1998.

Data is not available for San Marino for Used a mobile phone or the internet to pay bills in the past year, by sex (% age 15+)



Source: Global Findex database

Data retrieved from World Bank Gender Data Portal https://genderdata.worldbank.org/countries/san-marino/